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## Senate

The Senate met at 11 a.m., and was called to order by the President pro tempore [Mr. THURMOND].

The Chaplain, Dr. Lloyd John Ogilvie, offered the following prayer:

Listen to this remarkable promise from the Prophet Isaiah:

Then you shall call and the Lord will answer; you shall cry, and he will say, "Here I am."—Isaiah 58:9.

Let us pray.

Almighty God, You also said through the Prophet Isaiah that when we call. You will answer and while we are speaking You will hear—Isaiah 65:24. We thank You that prayer begins with You. It originates in Your heart, sweeps into our hearts, and gives us the boldness to ask what You desire to give.

Today, may constant conversation with You hone the desires of our hearts until they are Your desires for us and for our work together. Then, dear Father, grant us the desires of our hearts. May our human understanding be surpassed by Your gift of supernatural knowledge, our inadequate judgment with Your omniscient wisdom, and our limited expectations with Your propitious plans for us. We yield our minds, hearts, wills, and imaginations to be channels for the flow of Your divine guidance.

Bless the Senators in the decisions they must make and the votes they will cast. Give them, and all of us who work with them. Your strength to endure and Your courage to triumph in things great and small that we attempt for the good of all. In Your holy name. Amen.

#### RECOGNITION OF THE ACTING MAJORITY LEADER

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The able acting majority leader is recognized.

SCHEDULE

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. President, on behalf of the majority leader, today the Senate will be in a period of morning business until the hour of 12:30 p.m., with Senators to speak up to 5 minutes each, with the exception of three Senators. Under a previous consent agreement, from 12:30 until 2:15 p.m. the Senate will be in recess to allow the weekly policy luncheons to meet. At 2:30 today, it is the hope of the majority that the Senate will be able to discharge from the Labor Committee and begin consideration of S. 419, the Birth Defects Prevention Act. This legislation is not controversial. It is hoped that the Senate will be able to consider and pass this important bill in a short period of time. Senators can therefore expect rollcall votes during today's session of the Senate. As always, Members will be notified accordingly as any votes are ordered with respect to any legislation or executive cleared for action.

I thank the Members for their atten-

#### MEASURES PLACED ON CALENDAR—H.R. 1000, H.R. 908

Mr. THOMAS. I understand there are two bills, Mr. President, due for their second reading, and I would ask that they be read consecutively.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The clerk will read the bills for the second

The assistant legislative clerk read as follows.

A bill (H.R. 1000) to require States to establish a system to prevent prisoners from being considered part of any household for purposes of determining eligibility of the household for food stamp benefits.

A bill (H.R. 908) to establish a Commission on Structural Alternatives for the Federal Courts of Appeals.

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. President, I object to further proceeding on either of these bills at this time.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The bills will be placed on the calendar under general orders.
Mr. THOMAS. Mr. President, I sug-

gest the absence of a quorum.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The clerk will call the roll.

The assistant legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

(Mr. THOMAS assumed the chair.)

Mr. DORGAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. HAGEL). Without objection, it is so or-

### DISASTER RELIEF BILL

Mr. DORGAN. Mr. President, those who are watching the activities of the Congress now understand that the Congress, after some delay, passed a disaster bill to provide disaster relief to victims, especially the victims of the blizzards and the floods in South Dakota, North Dakota, and Minnesota. but to provide disaster relief on a much broader scale to those who have been victims of disaster in many States around the country.

The Congress did something different this time on disaster relief. In this circumstance, on this disaster relief bill, which is called a supplemental appropriations bill, the Congress decided to attach some very controversial provisions that don't have any relationship to the bill, that are totally extraneous, unrelated to the disaster bill. They attached these provisions that weeks ago the President said he would not accept.

The result was the disaster bill became a political vehicle asking flood victims and disaster victims to wait: "Hold on over there, we're going to have a political exercise on the disaster bill." And, in fact, this weekend, following the passage of the disaster bill by the Congress last Thursday night, instead of sending the disaster bill to the President then, this weekend it was held over in the House of

• This "bullet" symbol identifies statements or insertions which are not spoken by a Member of the Senate on the floor.

